

# National HIV and Retrovirology Laboratories Division

- Cohorts for the Study of HIV-1-Exposed but Uninfected Individuals: Benefits and Limitations
- Comprehensive Proteomic Study Identifies Serpin and Cystatin Antiproteases as Novel Correlates of HIV-1 Resistance in the Cervicovaginal Mucosa of Female Sex Workers
- Transmission Patterns of HIV and Hepatitis C Virus among Networks of People Who Inject Drugs
- A Comparison of Parallel Pyrosequencing and Sanger Clone-Based Sequencing and Its Impact on the Characterization of the Genetic Diversity of HIV-1
- Epigenetic control of IRF1 responses in HIV-exposed seronegative versus HIV-susceptible individuals
- Vaginal bacteria modify HIV tenofovir microbicide efficacy in African women
- The Role of Serpin and Cystatin Antiproteases in Mucosal Innate Immunity and their Defense against HIV